January 28th, 2022 (Auditorium zur Rosen)

General Assembly Third Committee

Authors: Japan, USA

Signatories: Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Germany, India, Italy, United Kingdom

Draft Resolution 1.1

Topic: On the humanitarian response to the social crisis in Afghanistan

The SOCHUM Committee,

Recalling its previous resolutions on Afghanistan, in particular its resolution S7RES2593, (2021) extending the mandate of the United Nations Assistance Mission in Afghanistan (UNAMA),

Stressing the important role that the United Nations will continue to play in promoting peace and stability in Afghanistan,

Reaffirming its strong commitment to the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Afghanistan, as well as its continued support for the people of Afghanistan,

Emphasizing the importance of the establishment of an inclusive and representative government, further emphasizing the importance of the full, equal and meaningful participation of women, and upholding human rights, including for women, children and minorities,

Recognizing the need for strengthened efforts to provide humanitarian assistance to Afghanistan and the important coordination role of the United Nations in this regard, and reaffirming that the effective delivery of humanitarian assistance requires all parties to allow full, safe and unhindered humanitarian access, for United Nations humanitarian agencies and other humanitarian actors,

Keeping in mind the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (A/RES/217 A),

Takes into account the previous resolutions passed on Afghanistan, such as S/RES71402, 2002), as well as the Secretary General's report contained in S/2021/759,

Welcomes the adoption of the UNSC Resolution 2615 (2021) on the provision of humanitarian aid to Afghanistan,

1. *Reaffirms* the importance and overall coordination function of UNAMA and its mission in Afghanistan;

- Calls upon the Taliban to allow transparent and unhindered functioning of the UNAMA, WFP and UN-mandated international organizations currently active in Afghanistan;
- 3. Further requests that the staff of UNAMA, including female members, be guaranteed safety and full independence in the performance of their duties;
- 4. Welcomes the proposal of Germany, Italy, Japan and the USA to increase the funding of the UNAMA and the Afghanistan Reconstruction Fund in order for them to be able to expand the scope of their activities and further act as the focal point for the delivery of humanitarian aid to the civilian population of Afghanistan;
- Encourages countries to follow the example of Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Germany, India, Italy, Japan, and the UK in granting asylum to the people fleeing Afghanistan; and further calls upon the Taliban to create safe pathways for refugees to leave the country;
- 6. *Urges* the Islamic Republic of Pakistan to allow the unhindered provision of humanitarian aid to the civilian population of Afghanistan, including life-saving supplies that reduce the severity of the food shortages;
- 7. Requests that the Taliban adhere to the prior commitments made by the recognized Government of Afghanistan (the current Government of Afghanistan in Exile) to its women, children, ethnic, religious, and sexual minorities;
- Underscores the importance of guaranteeing equal educational opportunities to all children regardless of gender as enshrined in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child;
- 9. *Urges* the Taliban to allow the exercise of political, civil, and social rights by women and other minorities in public life and in spheres of the government;
- 10. Stresses on the need to lift the travel restriction on women as it hinders their full participation in public life and their social rights;
- Recognizes the importance of a free and fair press for the functioning of a vibrant civil society and hopes that the Taliban will respect and strengthen this fourth pillar of democracy;
- 12. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.